

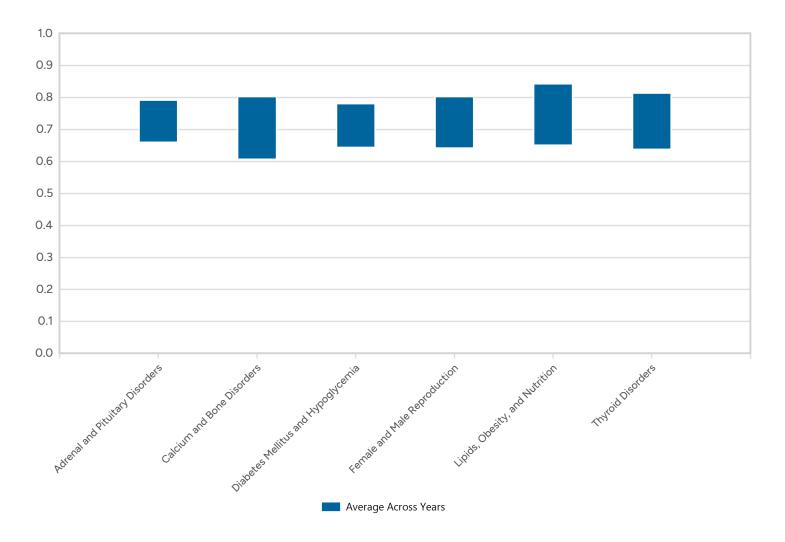
Endocrinology, Diabetes and Metabolism Knowledge Gaps Report

GENERAL INFO

The purpose of the Specialty Knowledge Gaps report is to provide information regarding areas of relative strength and weakness based on physician performance on the American Board of Internal Medicine (ABIM) Longitudinal Knowledge Assessment (LKA®). Each of the charts below shows average performance (the average percentage of questions answered correctly) in the top-level blueprint areas, both overall as well as in relation to various demographic categorizations. It is important to note that these data are based on percent correct scores and not the equated scores provided in the score reports. Because percent correct scores are reported here, differences in performance can be attributed either to the differences in the difficulties of the tests and/or differences in the ability levels of the different candidate groups. Interpretation of this data should be made with care.

OVERALL

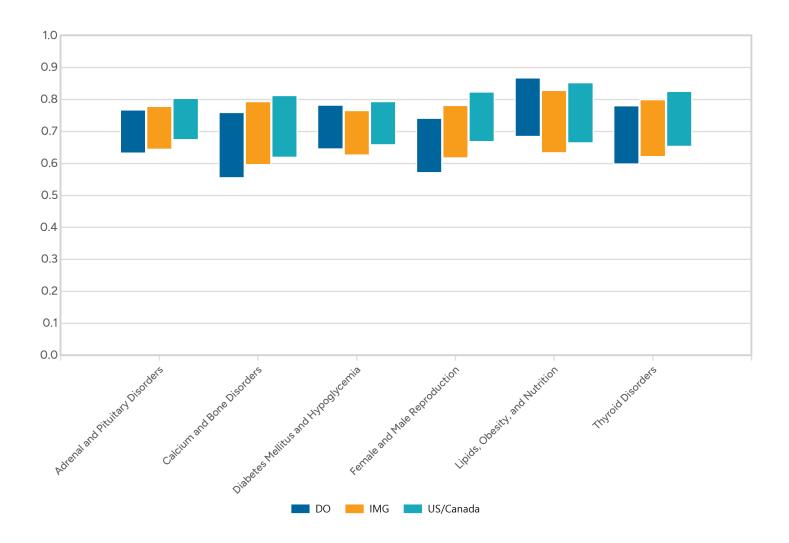
The chart below shows overall physician performance on each of the top-level blueprint categories on the LKA. Blueprint areas for which the bar is higher imply higher performance in those areas. Blueprint areas for which the bar is lower imply lower performance in those areas. Please consult the "General Info" section or FAQs for additional information on how you may interpret this chart.





MEDICAL SCHOOL

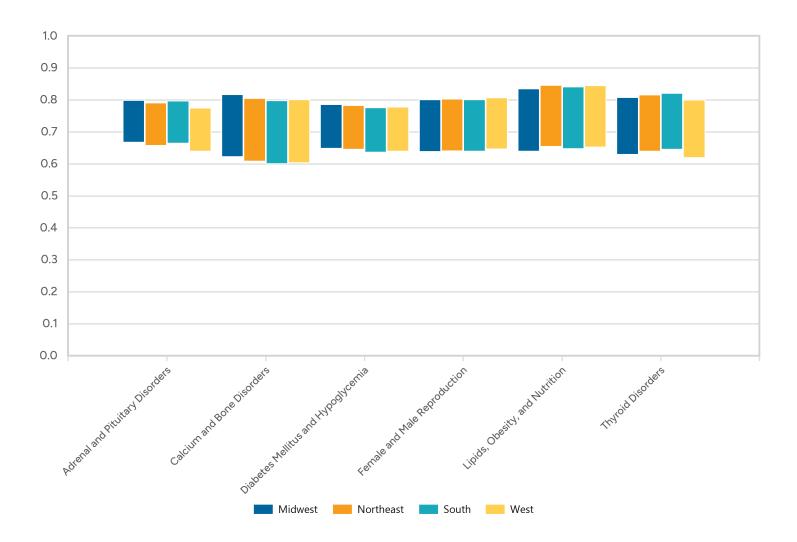
The chart below shows physician performance on each of the top-level blueprint categories on the LKA by medical school type (U.S./Canadian Medical School Graduate, International Medical School Graduate, Osteopathic Medical School Graduate). Demographic and content areas for which the bar is higher imply higher performance in those areas. Blueprint areas for which the bar is lower imply lower performance in those areas. Please consult the "General Info" section or FAQs for additional information on how you may interpret this chart.





REGION

The chart below shows physician performance on each of the top-level blueprint categories on the LKA by the U.S. Census Bureau region in which the physician lives (Midwest, Northeast, South, West). Demographic and content areas for which the bar is higher imply higher performance in those areas. Blueprint areas for which the bar is lower imply lower performance in those areas. Please consult the "General Info" section or FAQs for additional information on how you may interpret this chart.





AGE

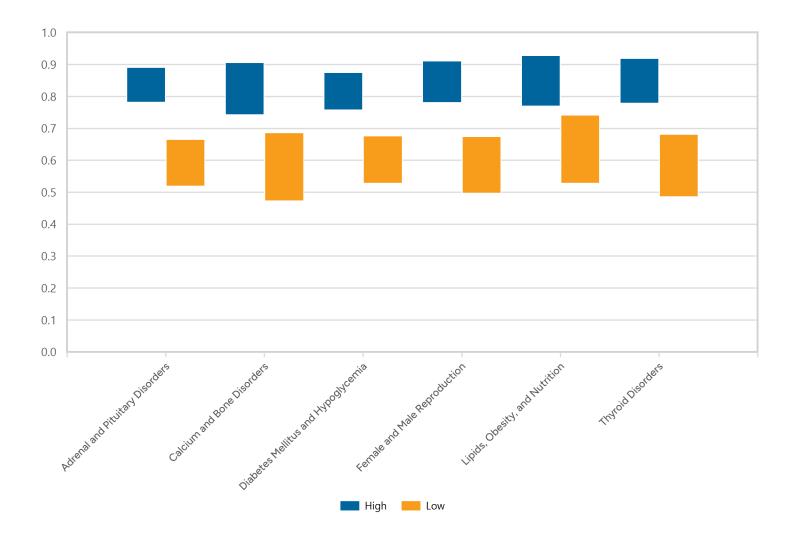
The chart below shows physician performance on each of the top-level blueprint categories on the LKA by age (44 and Younger, 45-54, 55-64, 65 and Older). Demographic and content areas for which the bar is higher imply higher performance in those areas. Blueprint areas for which the bar is lower imply lower performance in those areas. Please consult the "General Info" section or FAQs for additional information on how you may interpret this chart.





PERFORMANCE

The chart below shows physician performance on each of the top-level blueprint categories on the LKA by overall current performance on the assessment. High performance is defined as the top 25% of physicians in the LKA in the given discipline and Low performance is defined as the bottom 25% of physicians in the LKA. Please consult the "General Info" section or FAQs for additional information on how you may interpret this chart.





MOST FREQUENT INCORRECT ITEMS

The table below shows the blueprint categories (going down to a maximum of three levels) and their associated tasks for the LKA items that physicians performed lowest on. Specifically, the table shows the 20 items with the lowest percent correct values that were administered to at least 100 physicians. This table can be used in conjunction with the charts above to better understand areas for improvement. Whereas the charts above show specific content areas in which physicians are performing better or worse, this table provides more detailed information identifying the specific topics and content areas in which physicians are not performing well.

Description	Task
Adrenal and Pituitary Disorders	
Adrenal medulla	Treatment/Care Decisions
Pheochromocytoma and paraganglioma	
Craniopharyngioma	Diagnosis
Growth hormone	Treatment/Care Decisions
Acromegaly	
Prolactin	Testing
Hyperprolactinemia	
Calcium and Bone Disorders	
Hypovitaminosis D	Diagnosis
Dietary deficiency	
Osteomalacia and rickets	Treatment/Care Decisions
Chronic hypophosphatemia	
Osteoporosis In female	Testing
Diabetes Mellitus and Hypoglycemia	
Monitoring glycemic control	Diagnosis
Hemoglobin A1c	
Prediabetes	Treatment/Care Decisions
Impaired glucose tolerance	
Pregnancy	Treatment/Care Decisions
Pre-gestational diabetes	Treatment/Care Decisions
Type 2 diabetes mellitus Hyperosmolar nonketotic state	reatment/Care Decisions
Type 2 diabetes mellitus	Treatment/Care Decisions
Hypoglycemia due to oral agents and insulin management	reatment, care Decisions
Female and Male Reproduction	
Amenorrhea	Testing
Secondary [2 Questions]	
Endocrine causes of infertility	Testing
Anovulation	Diagnasia
Hypogonadism Testosterone in hypogonadism	Diagnosis
Lipids, Obesity, and Nutrition	
Obesity and nutrition	Risk Assessment/Prognosis/
Treatment of obesity	Epidemiology



Description	Task
Thyroid Disorders	
Thyroid cancer Lymphoma	Treatment/Care Decisions
Thyroid cancer Well-differentiated epithelial cancers	Diagnosis
Thyroid diseases in pregnancy Hyperthyroidism	Pathophysiology/Basic Science

