



Knowledge Gaps Report

GENERAL INFO

The purpose of the Specialty Knowledge Gaps report is to provide information regarding areas of relative strength and weakness based on physician performance on the American Board of Internal Medicine (ABIM) Longitudinal Knowledge Assessment (LKA®). Each of the charts below shows average performance (the average percentage of questions answered correctly) in the top-level blueprint areas, both overall as well as in relation to various demographic categorizations. It is important to note that these data are based on percent correct scores and not the equated scores provided in the score reports. Because percent correct scores are reported here, differences in performance can be attributed either to the differences in the difficulties of the tests and/or differences in the ability levels of the different candidate groups. Interpretation of this data should be made with care.

MOST FREQUENT INCORRECT ITEMS

The table below shows the blueprint categories (going down to a maximum of three levels) and their associated tasks for the LKA items that physicians performed lowest on. Specifically, the table shows the 20 items with the lowest percent correct values that were administered to at least 100 physicians. This table can be used in conjunction with the charts below to better understand areas for improvement. Whereas the charts below show specific content areas in which physicians are performing better or worse, this table provides more detailed information identifying the specific topics and content areas in which physicians are not performing well.

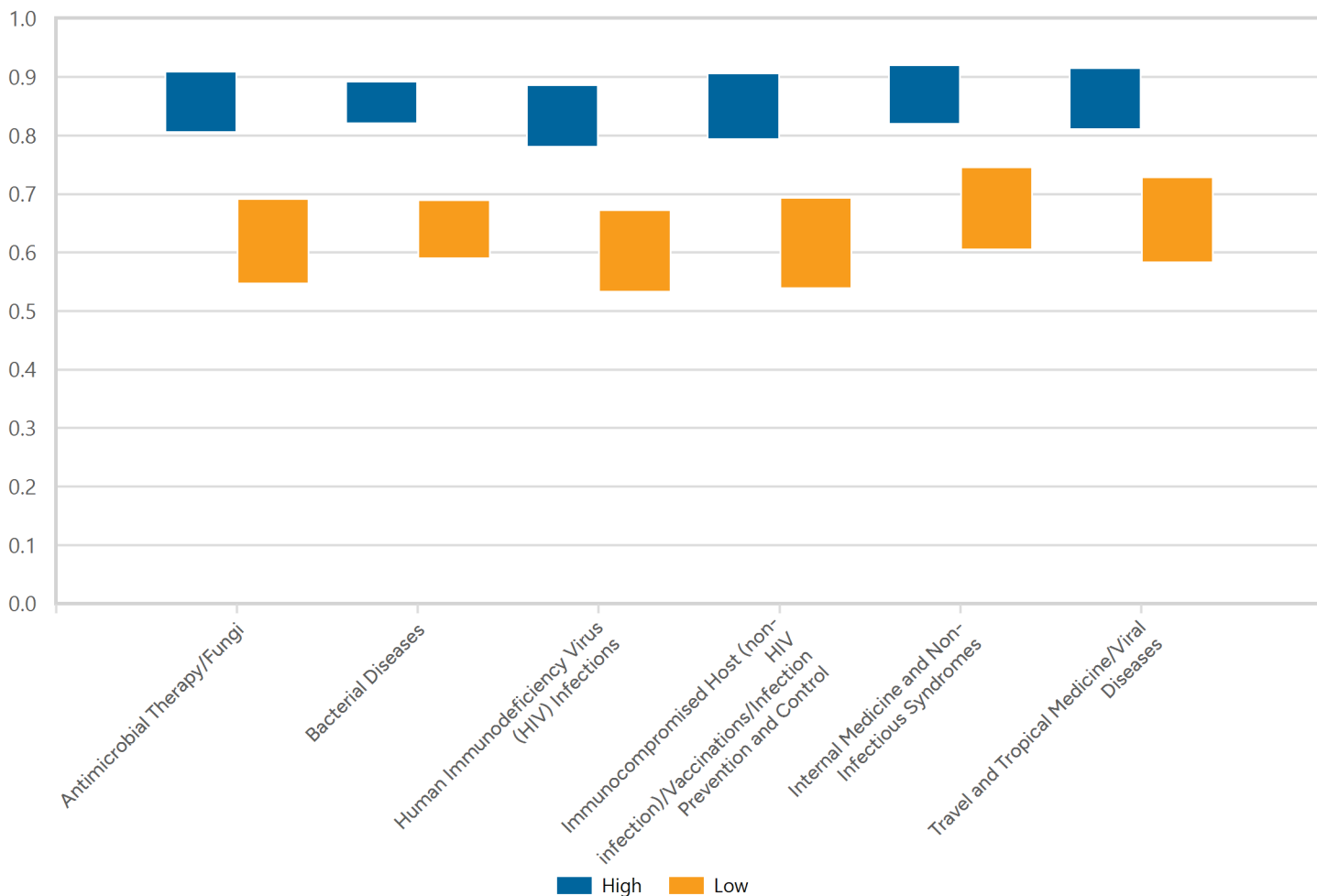
Description	Task
Antimicrobial Therapy/Fungi	
Molds Aspergillus	Testing
Syndromes Pulmonary	Treatment/Care Decisions
Yeasts Candida	Treatment/Care Decisions
Bacterial Diseases	
Gram-positive cocci Streptococcus [2 Questions]	Treatment/Care Decisions
Spirochetes Borrelia	Diagnosis
Syndromes characterized by bacterial pathogens Gastrointestinal	Treatment/Care Decisions
Syndromes characterized by bacterial pathogens Genitourinary	Testing
Syndromes characterized by bacterial pathogens Head and neck	Diagnosis



Description	Task
Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Infections	
Laboratory testing Diagnostic evaluation	Treatment/Care Decisions
Malignancies Lymphoma	Testing
Opportunistic infections (OIs) Fungi	Diagnosis
Immunocompromised Host (non-HIV infection)/Vaccinations/Infection Prevention and Control	
Active immunizations (vaccines) Tetanus, diphtheria, and acellular pertussis	Treatment/Care Decisions
Applied epidemiology and biostatistics Outbreak investigation/management	Risk Assessment/Prognosis/ Epidemiology
Epidemiology and prevention of HAIs in healthcare workers Prevention of occupationally acquired diseases of healthcare workers spread by contact, droplet, or airborne precautions (other than TB, and including diagnostic laboratories)	Treatment/Care Decisions
Hematologic malignancies and stem cell transplantation Infections associated with chemotherapy-induced neutropenia	Diagnosis
Hematologic malignancies and stem cell transplantation Infections associated with chemotherapy-induced neutropenia	Treatment/Care Decisions
Internal Medicine and Non-Infectious Syndromes	
General internal medicine Noninfectious central nervous system disease	Diagnosis
Travel and Tropical Medicine/Viral Diseases	
DNA viruses Poxviruses	Diagnosis
Protozoal extraintestinal infections Trypanosomiasis (general)	Treatment/Care Decisions

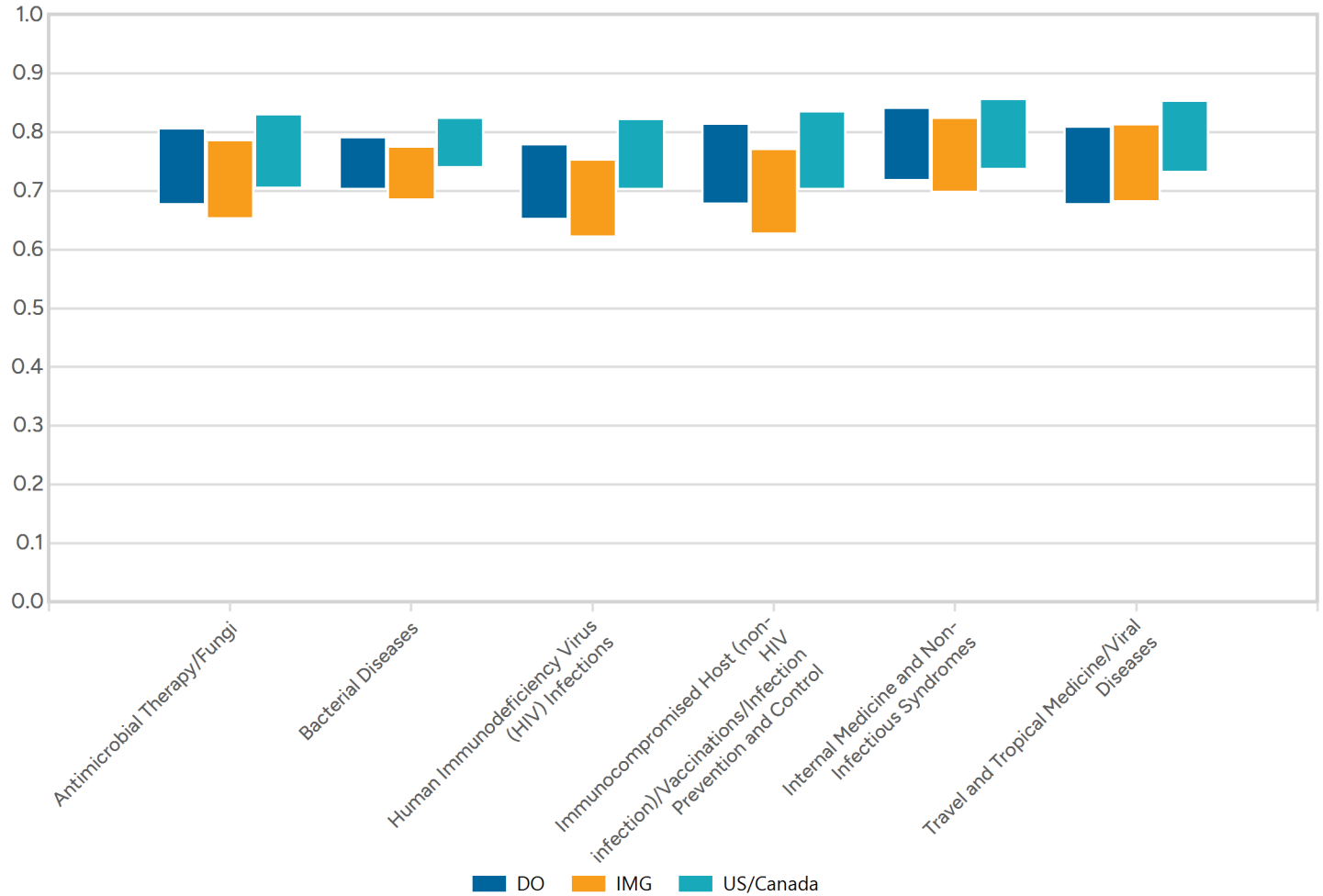
PERFORMANCE

The chart below shows physician performance on each of the top-level blueprint categories on the LKA by overall current performance on the assessment. High performance is defined as the top 25% of physicians in the LKA in the given discipline and Low performance is defined as the bottom 25% of physicians in the LKA. Please consult the "General Info" section or FAQs for additional information on how you may interpret this chart.



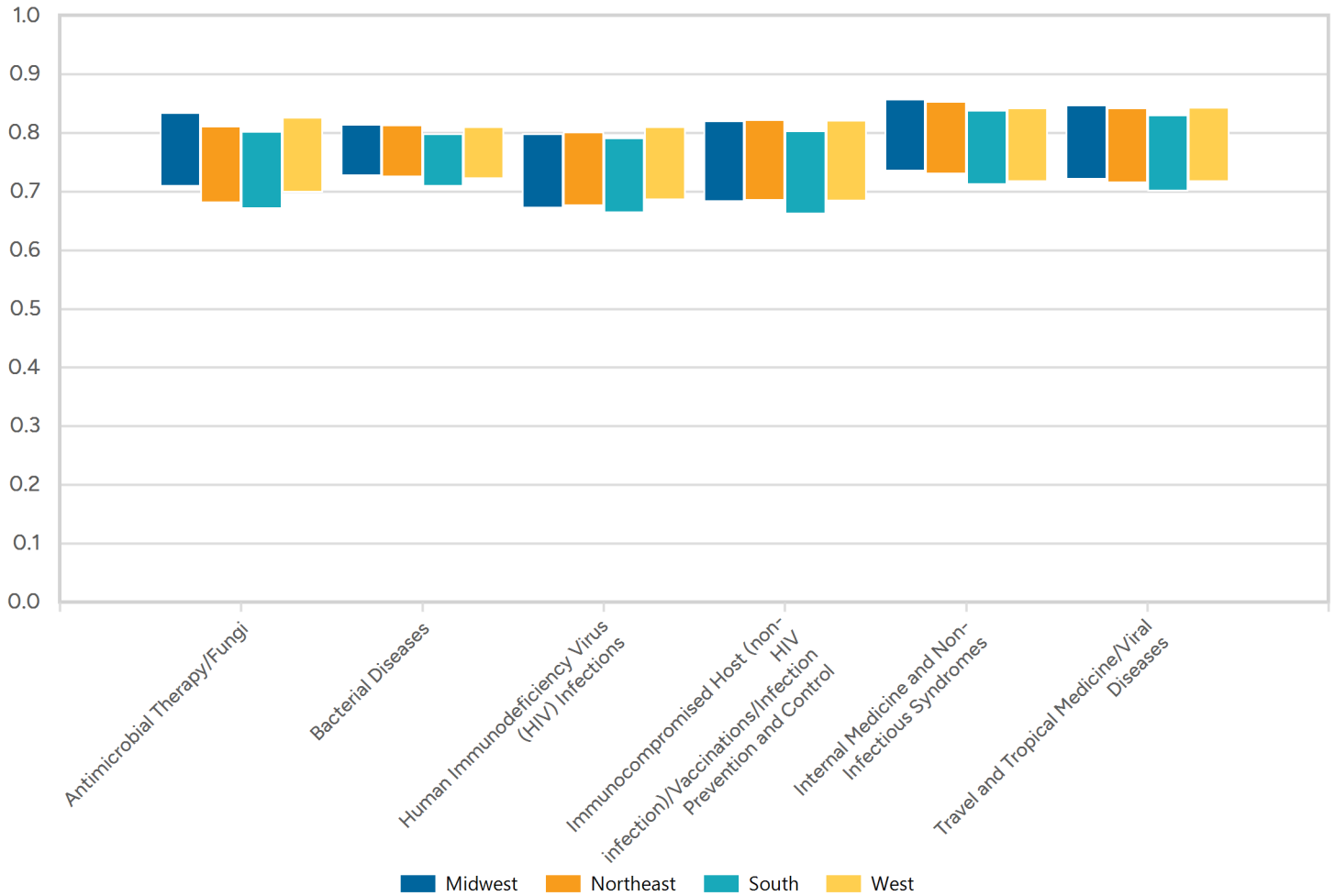
MEDICAL SCHOOL

The chart below shows physician performance on each of the top-level blueprint categories on the LKA by medical school type (U.S./Canadian Medical School Graduate, International Medical School Graduate, Osteopathic Medical School Graduate). Demographic and content areas for which the bar is higher imply higher performance in those areas. Blueprint areas for which the bar is lower imply lower performance in those areas. Please consult the "General Info" section or FAQs for additional information on how you may interpret this chart.



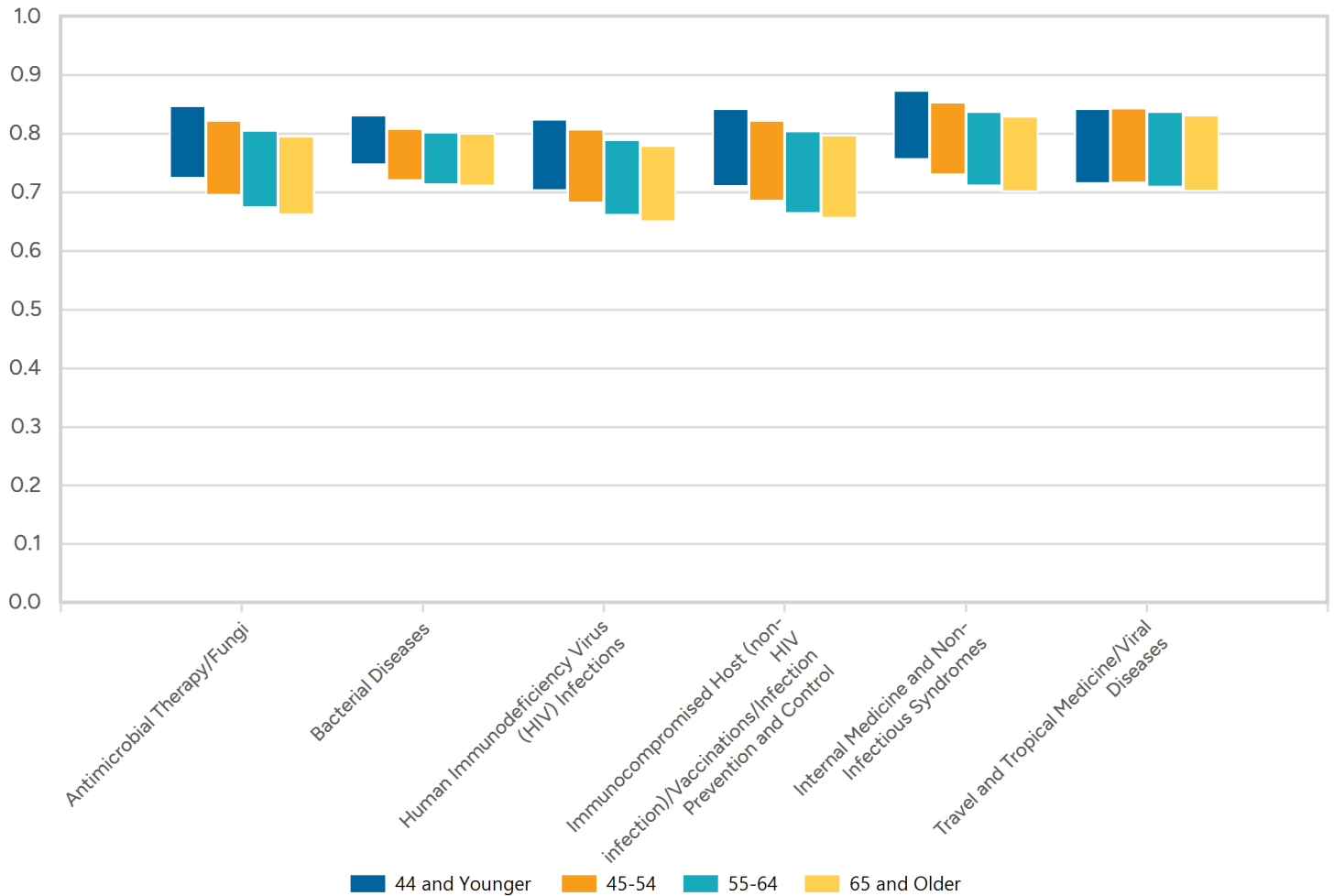
REGION

The chart below shows physician performance on each of the top-level blueprint categories on the LKA by the U.S. Census Bureau region in which the physician lives (Midwest, Northeast, South, West). Demographic and content areas for which the bar is higher imply higher performance in those areas. Blueprint areas for which the bar is lower imply lower performance in those areas. Please consult the "General Info" section or FAQs for additional information on how you may interpret this chart.



AGE

The chart below shows physician performance on each of the top-level blueprint categories on the LKA by age (44 and Younger, 45-54, 55-64, 65 and Older). Demographic and content areas for which the bar is higher imply higher performance in those areas. Blueprint areas for which the bar is lower imply lower performance in those areas. Please consult the "General Info" section or FAQs for additional information on how you may interpret this chart.



OVERALL

The chart below shows overall physician performance on each of the top-level blueprint categories on the LKA. Blueprint areas for which the bar is higher imply higher performance in those areas. Blueprint areas for which the bar is lower imply lower performance in those areas. Please consult the "General Info" section or FAQs for additional information on how you may interpret this chart.

